

IEA SHC Task 66: Solar Energy Buildings

Integrated solar energy supply concepts for climate-neutral buildings and communities for the "City of the Future"

Industry Workshop No 1 Solar Energy Buildings *worldwide* 23rd March 2022 1:00 – 3:00 pm CET (Central European Time, UTC+1)

Manager Task 66: Harald Drück, IGTE, University of Stuttgart, Germany Email: <u>harald.drueck@igte.uni-stuttgart.de</u>

Leader Subtask A of Task 66: Frank Späte, Technical University of Applied Sciences Amberg-Weiden Email: f.spaete@oth-aw.de

Welcome to another virtual meeting ©



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Source:

Intro to Dr. Harald Drück

- Working at University of Stuttgart, Institute for Building Energetics, Thermotechnology and Energy Storage (IGTE), former ITW, for +25 years, as research coordinator, leader "sustainable buildings and smart city concepts" and head "solar testing"
- Main field of activities: solar thermal, heat storage, Smart Cities, solar and energy efficient buildings, ...



- Head of SWT (Solar- und Wärmetechnik / Solar- and Heat Technolgy Stuttgart)
- Board Member of Solar Heat Europe / ESTIF
- Chairman of the Global Solar Certification Network
- Adjunct Professor at Rajagiri School of Engineering & Technology (RSET), Rajagiri, Kochi, India



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Introduction to Task 66

Motivation

- On global level: Operation of buildings accounts for around 40 % of primary energy consumption and approximately 25 % of greenhouse gas emissions
- Europe: Buildings are responsible for 40 % of energy consumption and 36 % of CO₂ emissions
- Additionally large amounts of energy are embodied in the building's construction materials
- → Goal: A significant reduction of non-renewable energy consumption of buildings



Scope

- IEA SHC Task 66 will focus on the development of economic and ecologic energy supply concepts for buildings with high solar fractions of at least 85% of the heat demand, 100% of the cooling demand and at least 60% of the electricity requirements for central European climate conditions
- Target: Households and e-mobility of multi-storey residential buildings, single buildings and building blocks or distinguished parts of a city (communities) for both, new buildings and the comprehensive refurbishment of existing buildings
- Key aspect:
 - focus on the overall energy supply of the building: This means heat, cold and power
 - synergetic consideration of the interaction with grid infrastructures (electricity and heat) in the sense of bidirectional flexibility



Objectives (1/2)

Objective 1:

Identifying and mapping of the relevant involved stakeholders (energy suppliers, housing developers, urban planning, industry, research, and governmental (local, regional, national)) and their needs and roles as well as supporting and inhibiting (legal) framework conditions.

Objective 2:

To give an overview on various technology options and the available technology portfolio, taking into account existing and emerging technologies with the potential to be successfully applied within the context of this Task. Furthermore, strategies will be elaborated how challenges in an economical context can be overcome.



Task 66 (Solar Energy Buildings) – Industry Workshop No 1 Objectives (2/2)

Objective 3:

To exploit the new degrees of freedom and possibilities by **linking individual technologies** from the technology portfolio and to optimize the interaction of local generation, storage and consumption at the building and district level enabling interactions with the grid capitalizing on new technological opportunities and unlocking new revenue streams.

Objective 4:

To develop **optimized integrated and grid-interacting energy supply concepts for heat, cold, domestic electricity demand and e-mobility** with intelligent control concepts and promoting user oriented approaches.

Objective 5:

To give **recommendations to policy makers and energy related companies** on how they can influence the uptake of cost-effective solutions related to the planning and implementation of Solar Energy Buildings.



Structure of IEA SHC Task 66 on Solar Energy Buildings

Subtask A: Boundary Conditions, KPIs, Definitions and Dissemination Lead: Frank Späte, (OTH-AW, Germany)

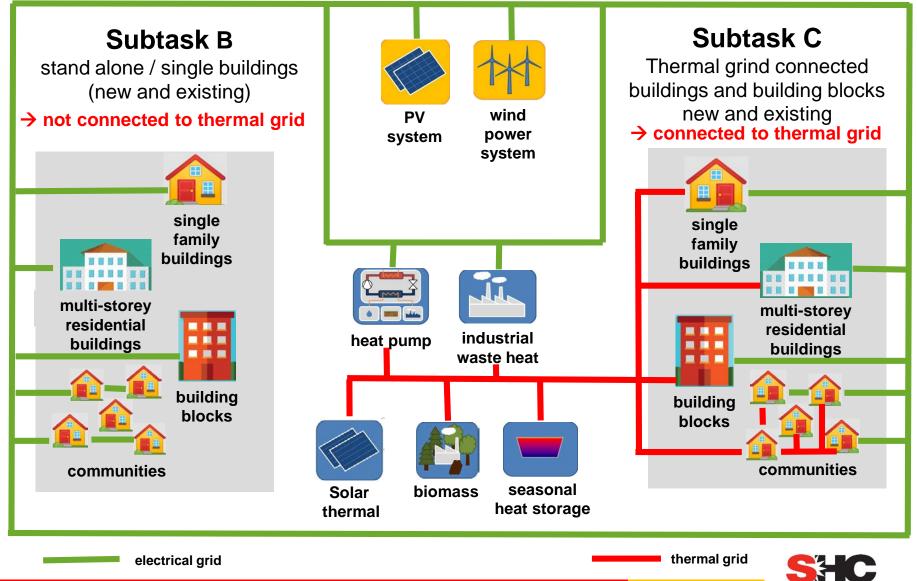
Subtask B: Thermal stand alone Single Buildings and Building Blocks (New and Existing) – Not connected to a thermal grid Lead: Xinyu Zhang, (China Academy of Building Research, Beijing, China)

Subtask C: Thermal grid connected Buildings and Building Blocks / Communities (New and Existing) – Connected to a thermal grid Lead: Elsabet Nielsen (DTU, Denmark)

Subtask D: Current and future technologies and components Lead: Thomas Ramschak (AEE INTEC, Austria)



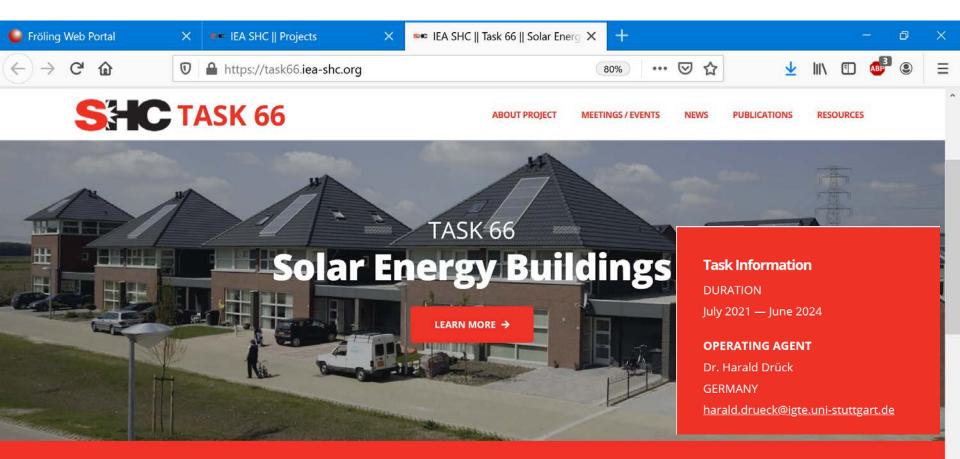
Difference between Subtask B and C



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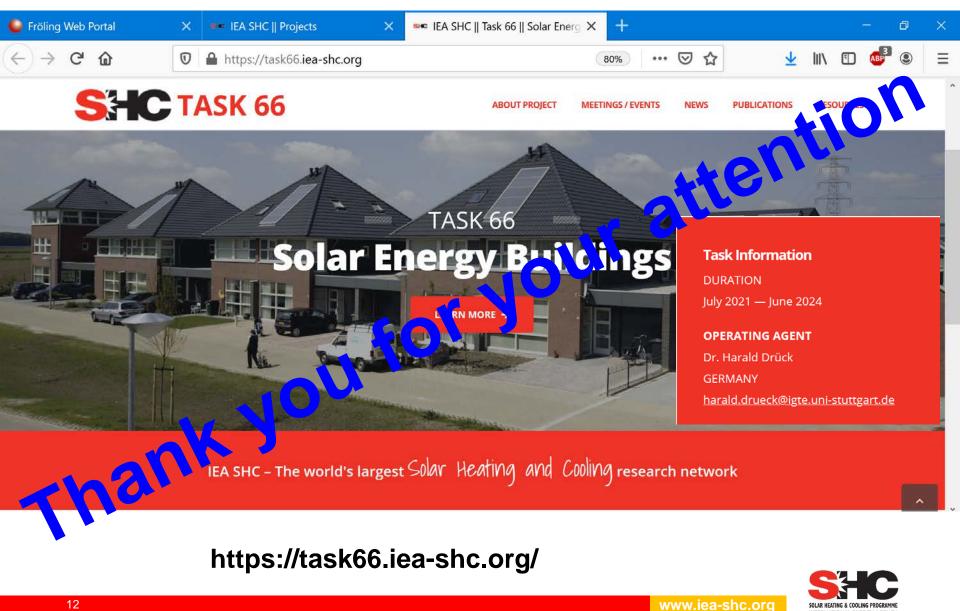


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1:00 – 1:15	Welcome, Introduction and Presentation of Task 66 Dr. Harald Drück, Task Manager of Task 66 Institute for Building Energetics, Thermotechnology and Energy Storage (IGTE), University of Stuttgart, Germany
1:15 – 1:45	General Situation on Solar Energy Buildings in China Dr. Xinju Zhang, Leader Subtask B of Task 66, China Academy of Building Research, Beijing, China
1:45 – 2:15	Solar Energy Buildings in Central Europe - an energy efficient solution with cold district heating networks Dr. Bernd Hafner, Viessmann, Germany
2:15 – 2:45	Perspectives on energy efficiency and Solar Energy Buildings projects & regulations in Mexico Dr. Norma Rodríguez-Muñoz, Centro de Investigacion en Materiales Avanzados, S.C., Durango, Mexico
2:45 – 3:00	Key Performance Indicators for Solar Energy Buildings First Results of Task 66 Prof. Frank Späte, Leader Subtask A of Task 66 OTH Amberg-Weiden, Germany



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